

Entrance Essentials

Workbook

“the science of grammar”

The semantics 'back to school' workbooks give you a good start, in fact a smart start to your MBA entrance preparation. These are designed for you, and they are FREE! Lap it up! These simple lessons are followed by some original questions from MBA entrance tests. Yes, you can answer real questions after doing this workbook.

Enjoy learning!

1. Correct usage

Here is a list of words called collective nouns.

Collective nouns refer to nouns referring to a group that has a unifying trait, such as a team of players; a council of ministers; a host of men

Exercise 1

Given below are collective nouns of a mix of animate and inanimate objects. Some are already answered for you; some are for you to fill up. And add more to the list.

1. A pile of _____ garbage _____
2. A constellation of _____ stars _____
3. A brood of _____ chicken _____
4. A stack of _____ _____
5. A sheaf of _____ _____
6. A host of _____ _____
7. A battery of _____ _____
8. A bevy of _____ _____
9. A fleet of _____ _____
10. A crew of _____ _____
11. A swarm of _____ _____

- 12. A mob of _____
- 13. A flock of _____
- 14. A pack of _____
- 15. A herd of _____
- 16. A packet of _____
- 17. A bunch of _____
- 18. A gallery of _____
- 19. A band of _____
- 20. A bundle of _____
- 21. A heap of _____
- 22. A bench of _____
- 23. A quiver of _____
- 24. A slew of _____
- 25. A posse of _____
- 26. A regiment of _____
- 27. A battalion of _____
- 27. A float of _____
- 28. A pride of _____
- 29. A crash of _____

EXERCISE 3

Substitute the underlined words in each of the following sentences with pronouns and write the answers in the brackets.

1. This CD ROM belongs to you. (_____ is yours _____)
2. Laila and Ricky have gone out for shopping. (_____ they _____)
3. They have invited Robin and Carol for the birthday party. (_____ her _____)
4. Robin and his neighbors share the garage. (_____)
5. I know Robin and his batch mates quite well. (_____)
6. Let Laura come with you for the show. (_____)
7. Robin and I cannot come for the show. (_____)
8. The club has invited applications for membership. (_____)
9. The Broadway musicals delight my sister and me. (_____)
10. These drawings belong to them (_____)
11. I shall be ready when Michael and you arrive. (_____)
12. These paintings are Joseph's and Carol's. (_____)
13. The travelers' bags are in the cottage. (_____)
14. The cartons are also the passengers' (_____)
15. The lion is lying in the lion's den. (_____)

EXERCISE 4

Complete the sentences below adding present tense verbs.

1. Some boys of this class are playing basketball.
2. A large number of women are lawmakers
3. Each of the girls is awarded A grade in history
4. Many an engineer _____
5. None of the democrats _____
6. The spelling of these words _____
7. Confusion among the representatives _____
8. The transfer of these officers _____
9. The owner of Walmart stores _____
10. The solution to these problems _____
11. The demands of the jury _____
12. A regiment of ten soldiers _____
13. Either Clara or her friend _____
14. Neither Clara nor Robin _____
15. Tony, along with his teammates, _____
16. The pupils, accompanied by their tutor _____
17. Neither of them _____

EXERCISE 5 :

There are words incorrectly used in the following sentences. Write the correct form in brackets.

1. A large amount of students received an A grade in grade French this term. (A large number of)
2. She has spent too many on this painting. (too much)
3. There are lesser girls than boys in the history class(fewer girls)
4. I would like fewer sugar in my coffee. (less sugar)
5. Lesser people watch films these days (fewer people)
6. We handled lesser cases today than yesterday. (fewer cases)
7. A little problems are left unsolved. (few problems)
8. He ate a good amount of chocolates. (a good number of chocolates)

Exercise 6

Change the voice of the sentences below. Mark in which voice the new sentence is.

1. The Robinsons have two apartments.
Two apartments are owned by the Robinsons.(passive)
2. We called them.
They were called by us.(passive)
3. Their visiting was objected by us.
We objected to their visiting us.(active)

4. Laura was annoyed by David's remarks.

5. The birds were put back into the cage.

6. Charles has drawn those paintings.

7. Is Michael related to you?

8. The game has been won.

Exercise 7

Each item below comprises jumbled words. Rearrange the words in their proper order to make a (1) statement as well a (2) question.

1. success is there no without hard work

S. there is no success without hard work.

Q. Is there no success without hard work?

2. to in rural India contribute economic restructuring will social reforms.

S. _____

Q. _____

3. by slavery Abraham Lincoln abolished was

S. _____

Q. _____

4. mass transit system such projects can make efficient an attractive.

S. _____

Q. _____

5. that shows data the children some kind suffer below 12 years from
deficiency of age.

S. _____

Q. _____

6. the novel reportedly by Agatha Christie has been written.

S. _____

Q. _____

7. warm winter bed-clothes our be in should

S. _____

Q. _____

8. homework your today have well you done not

S. _____

Q. _____

9. Words these spell he correctly cannot

S. _____

Q. _____

EXERCISE – 8

Supply suitable questions to fit the answers given below. The nature of the questions can be gathered from the word(s) underlined.

1. I usually drink coffee in the morning.

When do you usually drink coffee? _____

2. She was sitting beside her husband.

3. The accident occurred near the bridge.

4. He went to Dubai to attend a business meeting.

5. He is working for Thomas Cook.

6. The garden has been watered by the attendant.

7. The meeting was cancelled because of the delay in completion of the project.

8. The books have been returned by Maria

9. They are laughing at my witty remark.

10. It took the makers about three years to make this film.

EXERCISE – 9

Fill in the blanks using suitable pronouns

1. Talk about the institution that you graduated from.

2. _____ am sorry if _____ have hurt _____

3. Now girls, _____ must line up in front of the auditorium.

4. David was told that _____ should attend college regularly.

5. _____ like Maria because _____ feel that _____ can trust _____

6. Walton _____ went to invite the guest.

7. She _____ has decided to go for the program.
8. She has lost the watch _____ was gifted to her.
9. You _____ wanted this holiday.
10. These are the boys _____ the professor praised.
11. The man _____ is honest is trusted.
12. We met the sailors _____ ship was wrecked.
13. The answer _____ she gave is correct.
14. The magician _____ we met yesterday lives in Paris.

Exercise 10:

Identify the adjectives in the following sentences and write them down in your notebook.

1. Sania is a competent worker.
2. Joe is wearing faded jeans.
3. The wide road is lined by tall trees.
4. Johnson is a daring fighter.
5. The competing teams are ready for the next match.
6. Over the years, the agency has addressed many environmental issues.
7. The hilarious film evoked good response.
8. The visitors lunched on the manicured loan.
9. Wordsworth wrote poems with a rustic backdrop.
10. The elegantly decorated Central Hall was full of invitees.
11. There is little doubt about his involvement in the scam.

12. The charity workers waste less time and take more trouble.
13. The instructions in the test booklet were vague.

EXERCISE – 11

Fill in the blanks with the adjective opposite in meaning to those underlined;
write the answers in your notebook.

1. A wise enemy is better than a _____ friend.
2. A live ass is better than a _____ lion.
3. A false story does not appeal to us as much a _____ one.
4. An honest man is liked by all; a _____ is not liked by anyone.
5. Sugar is sweet but a lemon is _____
6. A brave man hates a _____ fellow.
7. We all praise an innocent person but hate a _____ one.
8. A polite person never gives a _____ reply.
9. The knife was not sharp; it was _____.
10. This is a glorious victory but the other is _____.

Adjectives can be changed to indicate greater or lesser degrees of quality, quantity or manner.

Positive degree The small boy.

Comparative The smaller boy.

Superlative The smallest boy.

EXERCISE – 12

Fill in the blanks using appropriate degree of comparison.

1. The Chronicle has a (wide/great) _____ circulation than any other daily.
2. Sahara is the (large/big) _____ desert in the world.
3. Switzerland is very (rich/prosperous) _____ country.
4. India is one of the (big/large) _____ democracies in the world.
5. The report is (important) _____ than the presentation.
6. This tree is _____ (old) than that banyan tree.
7. She spoke _____ (few) words on the occasion.
8. Mary is the _____ (old) of the two sisters.

Adverbs modify verbs, adjectives and other adverbs.

John speaks (v) eloquently (adv).

John speaks (v) quite (adv) eloquently (adv)

John's speech (n) is very (adv) clear (adj)

EXERCISE –13

Identify adverbs in the following sentences and write them down in your notebook

1. Rita answered the phone immediately.
2. The doctor is on his rounds early today.

3. The problem is partly solved.
4. The rug is quite worn out.
5. She was almost ready to leave when the call came.
6. She danced quite gracefully in the party.

EXERCISE -14

Fill in the blanks with appropriate adverbs.

1. The soldiers fought _____
2. Charles has been _____ injured in the accident.
3. The choir sang _____
4. The burglar crept _____ into the balcony.
5. We have done our work _____
6. The sea was _____ calm.
7. John has been studying French _____
8. The team felt _____ about losing the match.
9. The _____ furnished house is ready for sale

EXERCISE - 15

Write appropriate adjective and adverb forms of the nouns given

below:

Noun	adjective	adverb
1. Patience	_____	_____
2. Newness	_____	_____
3 . Brutality	_____	_____

4. Singularity _____
5. Formality _____
6. Wisdom _____
7. Freshness _____
8. Transience _____
9. Promptness _____
10. Forthrightness _____

EXERCISE – 16

Complete each sentence adding a suitable infinitive, gerund of participle.

1. I should advise you _____ a doctor. (see)
2. They always disapproved of _____ cards. (play)
3. I enjoy _____ on the beach on a sunny day. (walk)
4. Would you mind _____ outside? (wait)
5. The cold weather compelled us _____ indoors (stay)
6. Please allow us _____ outside. (wait)
7. The accused begged the judge _____ him. (forgive)
8. We saw the storm _____ (approach)
9. The rebel refused-----the orders.(obey)
10. Did you notice anyone _____ to the room? (come)
11. It is delightful _____ the sound of the sea. (hear)

**A preposition is a word placed before the noun or pronoun to show
Its relation to other words in a sentence.**

EXERCISE-17

Fill in the blanks with suitable prepositions.

1. The officer is _____ duty.
2. The police resorted _____ indiscriminate firing.
3. I am not acquainted _____ her.
4. I warned him _____ the danger.
5. He is famous _____ his novels.
6. She laughed _____ me mockingly.
7. The prisoner was found guilty _____ murder.
8. He parted _____ his children with tears.
9. The king rules _____ a vast country.
10. I told him to talk _____ something else.
11. I relied _____ the information you gave me.
12. We rejoiced _____ his success.
13. Laura is content _____ what she has.
14. I am obliged _____ you _____ your kindness.
15. The chairman is averse _____ the idea of relocating.

EXERCISE – 18

Fill in the blanks with suitable conjunctions.

1. Wait here till I return.
2. I like him since he is honest.
3. I do it _____ I choose to.
4. The wallet has been lost _____ stolen.
5. I will not come _____ it rains.
6. He failed in the first attempt, _____ he tried again.
7. We will take up the project _____ the time is ripe.
8. I will not go _____ I am invited.
9. He must have passed this way _____ is no other road.
10. We will come _____ it rains _____ not.
11. His plans _____ vast, were never visionary.
12. It is a long time _____ we last saw him.
13. She finished first _____ she began late.

EXERCISE - 19

Join each pair of sentences into one sentence using 'who', 'whose', 'whom', 'which' or 'that'

1. These are the men. They fought for their country's freedom.

2. The thief stole the watch. The thief was caught.

3. The pictures are beautiful. They are on the wall.

4. Here is the doctor. His medicine saved the child's life.

5. The boy tells lies. He deserves to be punished.

6. This is the magician. His tricks amazed us.

7. Those mangoes were very sweet. You bought them.

8. The new student is here. He has applied for biotechnology course.

9. The beggar has come. We saw her yesterday.

10. The captain praised Akthar. Akthar's bowling was good.

Example 20

Rewrite the following, putting all the verbs into the past tense

1. A cold breeze blows in the morning (blew)
2. She sweeps the room clean. (swept)
3. Water freezes in winter. (_____)
4. He lies down and sleeps. (_____)
5. She sits down and spins the thread. (_____)
6. She always gets up first of all, awakes her servants, and then lights the fire. (_____)
7. The boys slide and fall on the ice. (_____)
8. The hunters shoot wild animals. (_____)
9. Tom strikes John. (_____)
10. John hits Tom. (_____)
11. The wasp stings the boy who wears a red cap. (_____)
12. The waves rise high and the ship sinks. (_____)
13. She hides herself under the sofa. (_____)
14. Mother lays the table for breakfast. (_____)

Exercise 21

Rewrite the following sentences into the present tense.

1. The grapes hung upon the highest branch.

2. The door flew open when the wind blew.

3. She spent her time in idleness.

4. He always laid his book on the table.

5. He valued her friendship more than he valued mine.

6. He hinted that he wanted money.

7. He replied that he would come.

8. The judge found out that he was guilty.

Exercise 22

Fill in the blanks by using the present tense of the verbs given in the box.

1. Salma along with her sisters has joined the club.

2. Each first class ticket _____ six dollars.

3. Either Anil or Raman _____ to blame for the delay.

4. Two-thirds of the city _____ in ruins.

5. Each of those metals _____ found in this country.

6. That woman with three children _____ my neighbor.

7. Each of you _____ a reward.

8. Neither of you _____ right.

9. None of boys _____ passed.
10. Neither you nor I _____ to blame.
11. Not one of you _____ done his work properly.
12. The scholar and poet _____ dead.
13. It is one of the best pictures that _____ ever been painted.
14. A hundred miles _____ a long distance to walk.
15. The behavior of the boys and girls _____ highly objectionable.
16. John, and not you, _____ won the prize.
17. The difficulty of catching smugglers and terrorists _____ great.
18. Neither of these questions _____ difficult.
19. The building along with the goods _____ insured.

Exercise 23

Write the past and past participle forms of the following verbs:

Present	past	past participle
1. Behold	_____	_____
2. Cling	_____	_____
3. Forbear	_____	_____
4. Forsake	_____	_____
5. Grind	_____	_____
6. Wind	_____	_____
7. Tread	_____	_____
8. Strive	_____	_____
9. Spring	_____	_____

10. Shake _____
11. Shine _____
12. Shrink _____
13. Rise _____
14. Follow _____
15. Dig _____

Ex 24

The following set has sentences both in the active and in the passive voice. Convert the active into passive and passive into active.

1. The guest will distribute the prizes.

2. The class was conducted by the new professor.

3. The children were instructed to maintain silence by their teacher. _

4. My mother bakes good cakes.

5. The speech will be made by the chairman of the company.

6. Our engineers are designing a new car.

7. The rocket will be launched from Kennedy Space Center.

8. Philip is to teach table tennis.

9. The Indian army has re-captured Tiger Hills from the enemy.

Ex 25

Change the verbs in the following sentences from the active to passive voice.

1. The scientist made a remarkable discovery.

2. People will soon forget it.

3. They opened the theatre only last month.

4. We prohibit smoking.

5. Everyone loves him.

6. My cousin has drawn the picture.

7. The recitation pleased the teacher.

8. Somebody has put out the lights.

9. We expect good news.

10. They had invited us to the party.

Answers

Exercise 1

- | | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. garbage | 2. Stars | 3. Chicken | 4. books | 5. Arrows |
| 6. Men | 7. Cells | 8. Beauties | 9. Shifts | 10. Workers |
| 11. Bees | 12. Rioters | 13. Shee | 14. Wolves | 15. Cattle |
| 16. cigarettes | 17. Eyes | 18. pictures | 19. thieves | 20. Sticks |
| 21. sand | 22. Lawyers | 23. arrows | 24. Products | 25. Policemen |
| 26. Soldiers | 27. Army men | 28. Crocodiles | 29. Lions | 30. Rhinos |

Exercise 2

- | | | | | |
|--------|------------|----------|---------|----------|
| 1. him | 2. It/that | 3. Those | 4. Them | 5. Those |
| 6. It | 7. She | 8. Her | 9. They | 10. it |

11. These/those

Exercise 3

1. yours 2. They 3. Her 4. They 5. them
6. Her 7. We 8. it 9. Us 10. Are theirs
11. You/both of you 12. Theirs 13. Their 14. theirs
15. It/its

Exercise 4

1. are playing basket ball 2. are lawmakers
3. is awarded A grade in history 4. is at the site
5. are expected 6. Confusing
7. is common 8. is unexpected
9. is a billionaire 10. has to be sought
11. are many 12. is deployed
13. has to come 14. has enrolled
15. is in the stadium 16. have gone to the lab
17. is interested in the job

Exercise 5

1. A large number of 2. too much 3. fewer girls 4. less sugar
5. fewer people 6. fewer cases 7. A few problems
8. number of chocolates

Exercise 6

1. A large number of
2. too much
3. fewer girls
4. David's remarks annoyed Laura (active)
5. Someone put the birds back into their cages (active)
6. those paintings have been drawn by Charles(passive)
7. Are you related to Michael(active)
8. the team has won the game (active)

Exercise 7

1.S . there is no success without hard work.

Q Is there no success without hard work?

2. S. social reforms will contribute to economic restructuring in rural India.

Q. will social reforms contribute to economic restructuring in rural India?

3. S – Slavery was abolished by Abraham Lincoln.

Q. was slavery abolished by Abraham Lincoln?

4. S. An efficient mass transit system can make such projects attractive.

Q.Can an efficient mass transit system make such projects attractive?

5. S. the data shows that children below 12 yrs of age suffer from some kind

of deficiency.

Q. Does the data show that children below 12 yrs of age suffer from some kind of efficiency?

6. S. the novel has been reportedly by Agatha Christie

Q. Has the novel been reportedly written by Agatha Christie?

7. S. The clothes should be warm in winter.

Q. Should our bed clothes be warm in winter?

8. S. You have not one your lessons well today.

Q. Have you not one your lesson well today?

9. S. He cannot spell these words correctly?

Q. Can't he spell these words correctly?

Exercise 8

1. Where do you usually drink coffee?

2. Where was she sitting?

3. Where did the accident occur?

4. Why did he go to Dubai?

5. Who is he working for?/which company is he working for?

6. By whom has the garden been watered?

7. Why was the meeting cancelled?

8. What has been returned by Maria?
9. What are they laughing at?
10. How long did it take the makers to make this film?

Exercise 9.

1. that
2. I, I, you
3. You
4. He
5. We, we, her
6. Himself
7. Herself
8. That
9. Yourself
10. Whom
11. Who
12. Whose
13. That
14. Whom

Exercise 10.

1. Competent
2. Faded
3. Wide. Tall
4. Daring
5. Competing
6. Environmental
7. Hilarious, Good
8. Manicured
9. Rustic
10. Decorated
11. Little
12. Less, more
13. Vague

Exercise 11

1. foolish
2. Dead
3. True
4. Dishonest
5. Sour
6. coward
7. Scheming
8. Rude
9. Blunt
10. Demeaning

Exercise 12

1. wider
2. Largest
3. Rich
4. Largest
5. More
6. Older
7. Fewer
8. Older

Exercise 13

1. immediately
2. Early
3. Partly
4. Quite
5. Almost

6. Quite, gracefully

Exercise 14.

1. bravely/ Valiantly 2. Badly/ Seriously 3. Melodiously 4. Stealthily
5. Well/perfectly 6. Unusually 7. Regularly 8. Bad 9. Newly

Exercise 15.

1. patient – patiently
2. new – newly
3. brutal- brutally
4. singular- singularly
5. formal – formally
6. wise – wisely
7. fresh – freshly
8. transient – transiently
9. prompt – promptly
10. forthright- forthrightly

Exercise 16

1. to see 2. Playing 3. Walking 4. Waiting
5. Staying 6. To wait 7. to forgive 8. Approaching
9. To obey 10. coming 11. To hear

Exercise 17.

1. on 2. To 3. With 4. Of 5. For
6. at 7. Of 8. From 9. Over 10. about 11. On/ upon
12. At 13. with 14. To . for 15. To

Exercise 18

3. because 4. or 5. if 6. but 7. When 8. Unless
9. Since 10. Whether...or 11. Though 12. Since 13. though

Exercise 19

1. These are the men who fought for the country's freedom.
2. The thief who stole the watch was caught.
3. The pictures on the wall are beautiful.
4. Here's the doctor whose medicine save the child's life.
5. The boy who tells lies deserves to be punished.
6. This is the magician whose tricks amazed us.
7. The mangoes you that you bought were very sweet.
8. the new student who applied for biotech course is here.
9. the beggar whom we saw yesterday has come.
10. the captain praised Akthar whose bowling is good.

Exercise 20

3. froze 4. Lay/slept 5. Sat/spun 6. Got up/ awoke/lit
7. Slid/fell 8. Shot 9. Struck 10. Hit 11. Stung/ wore
12. Rose/sank 13. Hid 14. Laid.

Exercise 21

1. hang 2. Flies/ Blows 3. Spends 4. Lays 5. Values/values
6. hints/wants 7. Replies/ will 8. Finds/is

Exercise 22.

2. Costs 3. Is 4. Is 5. Is 6. Is 7. Gets 8. Is
9. have 10. Am 11. Has 12. Is 13. Have 14. Is 15. Is
16. Has 17. Is 18. Is 19. Is

Exercise 23

1. beheld beholden 2. clung clung
3. forbore forborne 4. forsook forsaken
5. ground ground 6. wound wound
7. trod trodden 8. strove striven
9. sprang sprung 10. shook shaken
11. shone shone 12. shrank shrunk
13. rose risen 14. followed followed
15. dug dug

Exercise 24

1. The prizes will be distributed by the guest.
2. The new professor conducted the class.
3. The teacher instructed the students to maintain silence.

4. Good cakes are baked by my mother.
5. The chairman of the company will make the speech.
6. A new car is being designed by our engineers.
7. Kennedy Space Centre will launch the rocket
8. Table tennis is to be taught by Philip.
9. Tiger Hills has been recaptured by the Indian Army.

Exercise. 25

1. A remarkable discovery was made by the scientist.
2. It will soon be forgotten.
3. The theatre was opened only last month.
4. Smoking is prohibited.
5. He is loved by everyone.
6. The picture has been drawn by my cousin.
7. The teacher was pleased by my recitation.
8. The lights have been put out.
9. Good news is expected.
10. We had been invited to the party.

Instructions: complete the following assignment and post them for evaluation

Assignment 1

Construct sentences using the following idioms:

1. Break off _____
2. Bring forth _____
3. Call for _____
4. Carry away _____
5. Come around _____
6. Cut down _____
7. Give up _____
8. Get away _____
9. Fall back _____
10. Go through _____
11. Laid down _____
12. Look down upon _____
13. Pull down _____
14. Put out _____
15. Put off _____
16. Run down _____
17. Throw up _____
18. work out _____
19. Turn out _____
20. Set apart _____

Assignment II

Here's an interesting and effective way to learn 30 idioms in a day. Collect idioms containing human anatomy, as above.

1. *head*
2. *heart*
3. *shoulder*
4. *finger*
5. *hand*
6. *nail*
7. *teeth*
8. *nose*
9. *neck*
10. *leg*
11. *hair*
12. *bone*
13. *blood*
14. *vein*
15. *knee*
16. *spine*
17. *rib*
18. *skin*
19. *lung*

- 20. lip
- 21. tongue
- 22. ear
- 23. eyebrow
- 24. belly
- 25. chest
- 26. mouth
- 27. scalp
- 28. arm
- 29. stomach
- 30. knuckle

Test break

Test A

1. Find the correct match of grammatical function with usage for the word

THEN.

Function	Usage
1. Noun	5. He was the then King of Nepal.
2. Adjective	6. I have not heard about him since then
3. Adverb	7. He is not feeling well, then how can he possibly go for the picnic.
4. Conjunction	8. He was not a graduate then.

2. Find the correct match of grammatical function with usage for the word

FOR

Function	Usage
1. Preposition	5. Michael decided against going to the concert for it was too late
2. Conjunction	6. We waited for two hours
3. Adjective	7. We have dropped the 'for wages' program.
4. Adverb	8. The gift is for my friend.

Test B

Match the following idiomatic references to parts of the human anatomy

Human anatomy	Idioms
1. Palm	5. could not tolerate the insult
2. Foot	6. to look at with envy and desire
3. Eye	7. to put the blame on someone else
4. Stomach	8. forced to pay the bill

Test C. Find the maximum number of times any one of the given words fits the sets of sentences

1. RAISE 2. ARISE 3. AROSE 4. RISE

i) Opportunities will _____, and you must grab them.

ii) A hot wind _____ from the desert.

iii) I _____ at dawn on most days.

iv) A mood of optimism _____ among the people.

Test D.

Which two sentences in the following convey the same idea?

1. He is in a fool's paradise
2. He can't see the wood for the trees.
3. He can't distinguish between reality and fancy.
4. He is unable to separate unimportant details from the really important ones

Test E

The plural of virus is

1. Viruses
2. Virae
3. Virii
4. Virus

Test F

If leaf is to leaves and knife is to knives, then belief is to -----

1. beliefs
2. believes
3. belief
4. believing

Test G

Choose the best option that completes the sentence.

When the fire alarm rang _____ left the building immediately.

1. all
2. everyone
3. all the people
4. every person

Test H

In the following sentence choose the erroneous segment/s

A B C. He is one of those people / who thinks / he owns the world

1. Error in segment A
2. Error in segment B
3. Error in segment A & C
4. Error in segment B & C

Test I

Pick out the right sentences.

1. I will go with you.
2. There was nobody I could go with.
3. I have a glass with painting on it.
4. The curtains do not match with the furniture.

Test J

From the following pair of phrases, choose the correct option.

- i. A two days' visit
 - ii. A two day's visit
- 1. The first phrase is erroneous
 - 2. The second phrase is erroneous
 - 3. Both phrases are erroneous
 - 4. Both phrases are correct

Test break - answers

Test A

- | | |
|------|------|
| 1. | 2. |
| 1. 5 | 1. 8 |
| 2. 6 | 2. 5 |
| 3. 8 | 3. 7 |
| 4. 7 | 4. 6 |

Test B

- 1. 7
- 2. 8
- 3. 6
- 4. 5

Test C

- 1. -
- 2. i

3. ii, iv

4 - iii

Test D

1 and 3 2 and 4

Test E 1

Test F 1

Test G 2

Test H 4

Test I 2 and 3

Test J 3